

Commission canadienne



# **Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission**

### Radiation Safety Data Sheet

This data sheet presents information on radioisotopes only.

For information on chemical compounds incorporating this radionuclide, see the relevant Material Safety Data Sheet.

#### Part 1 - RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION н Chemical Symbol: Common Names:

Atomic Weight:

Atomic Number:

### Tritium 1

## Part 2 - RADIATION CHARACTERISTICS

3

Physical Half-Life:

12.35 years

Unconditional Clearance Levels:	Activity Concentration (Bq/g)	1 x 10 <sup>2</sup>
CNSC Exemption Quantity:	Activity Concentration (Bq/g) Activity (Bq)	1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> 1 x 10 <sup>9</sup>

Principal Emissions	Average Energy of Most Abundant Emission (MeV)	Maximum Energy of Most Abundant Emission (MeV)	Gamma-Ray Dose Rate at 1m Distance (mSv/h per GBq)	Shielding Information <sup>1</sup>
Neutrons	-	-	-	-
Gamma & X-ray	-	-	-	-
Beta* & Electron	0.0057	0.0186	-	Total absorption: <0.1 mm glass or <0.1 mm plastic
Alpha	-	-	-	-

\* Where beta radiation is present, bremmstrahlung radiation will be produced. Shielding for bremmstrahlung radiation must be considered.

<sup>1</sup>Delacroix, D. et al, Radionuclide and Radiation Protection Data Handbook 2002.

Progeny

### **Part 3 - DETECTION AND MEASUREMENT**

#### Method of Detection:

Wipes counted by a beta probe (e.g., wipes counted by a liquid scintillation counter)

#### Dosimetry:

External:	TLD (whole body	& skin)	Extremity	_		Neutron	
					Other		
Internal:	Whole body	Thyroid	Urine analysis	$\checkmark$	(specify)		

# Part 4 - PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

Tritium is not a radiation hazard unless it enters the body. Once in the body, tritiated water is uniformly distributed in the body water and can then expose tissue. The dose from inhaled elemental tritium gas is 10,000 times less than that from tritiated water. Tritiated water can be absorbed through the surface of skin, leading to an internal exposure. Gaseous tritium is a fire and explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame and can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.

Recommended protective clothing: Lab coat and PVC gloves (0.5 mm thick) are preferred because of this material's low permeability to tritiated water. Many tritium compounds readily penetrate gloves and skin. Handle these compounds remotely, wear two pairs of gloves and change the outer layer at least every twenty minutes. Plastic aprons provide added protection especially against tritiated water. Plastic suits may be necessary for work at TBq levels or in an atmosphere contaminated with tritiated water.

Handle tritiated water, gases and volatile liquids in ventilated enclosures. Use glass containers to store tritium compounds because tritiated water and tritiated organic solvents will pass through plastic. Use disposable absorbent liners on trays.

Consult CNSC license for requirements concerning engineering controls, protective equipment, and special storage requirements.

Part 5 - ANNUAL LIMIT ON INTAKE				
	Ingestion	Inhalation		
Compound Type	Tritiated water	Tritiated water	Elemental tritium gas	
Annual Limit on Intake (Bq)	$1.0  imes 10^9$	$1 \times 10^9$	$1.0  imes 10^{13}$	

### **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

The following is a guide for first responders. The following actions, including remediation, should be carried out by qualified individuals. In cases where life threatening injury has resulted, **first** treat the injury, **second** deal with personal decontamination. In the case of an emergency, the Radiation Safety Officer should be contacted as soon as practicable.

#### **Personal Decontamination Techniques**

- Wash well with soap and water and monitor skin
- Do Not abrade skin, only blot dry
- Decontamination of clothing and surfaces are covered under operating and emergency procedures

### Spill and Leak Control

- Alert everyone in the area
- Clear area
- Summon Aid

#### **Emergency Protective Equipment, Minimum Requirements**

- Gloves
- Footwear Covers
- Safety Glasses
- Outer layer or easily removed protective clothing
- Suitable respirator selected

#### **Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission**

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